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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/943,432	08/07/2001	Mike Lee	22866-001B	9615
35437	7590 04/10/2003			
MINTZ LEVIN COHN FERRIS GLOVSKY & POPEO			EXAMINER	
666 THIRD A NEW YORK			LE, THIEN MINH	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2876	
			DATE MAILED: 04/10/2003	k.

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
,		09/943,432	LEE ET AL.	$\checkmark$
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Thien M. Le	2876	
	he MAILING DATE of this communication	on appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address -	
THE MA	TENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F ILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT is of time may be available under the provisions of 37 (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati	ION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply		
<ul> <li>If the per</li> <li>If NO per</li> <li>Failure to</li> <li>Any reply</li> </ul>	of MONTHS from the maining date of this combination of for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days od for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by received by the Office later than three months after the tent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	s, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH:	S from the mailing date of this communication DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.
Status	,			
1)□ R	esponsive to communication(s) filed or	n		
2a) <u> </u>	his action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠	This action is non-final.		
C	ince this application is in condition for a osed in accordance with the practice u			ts is
Disposition		antian		
•	aim(s) <u>1-39</u> is/are pending in the application of the above elements.			
	Of the above claim(s) is/are with	indrawn from consideration.		
	aim(s) <u>20-36</u> is/are allowed.			
·	aim(s) <u>1-19 and 37-39</u> is/are rejected.			
	aim(s) is/are objected to.			
Application	aim(s) are subject to restriction a Papers	and/or election requirement.		
· _	specification is objected to by the Exa	_		
•	drawing(s) filed on <u>07 August 2001</u> is		·	
	pplicant may not request that any objection		` '	
	proposed drawing correction filed on		ipproved by the Examiner.	
	approved, corrected drawings are required	• •		
	oath or declaration is objected to by the	he Examiner.		
•	er 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
	knowledgment is made of a claim for for for the form of the form o	oreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)[_ ,	All b) Some * c) None of:			
1.[				
2.[			<del></del>	
3.[ * See	Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internation the attached detailed Office action for	al Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	_	
14) <u></u> Ack	nowledgment is made of a claim for do	mestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §	l 19(e) (to a provisional applic	ation).
_a) [	The translation of the foreign language nowledgment is made of a claim for do	ge provisional application has bee	n received.	•
Attachment(s)		2		
2) Notice of	References Cited (PTO-892)  Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94	18) 5) 🔲 Notice of Info	nmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) rmal Patent Application (PTO-152)	_·

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

The information disclosure statement filed on 4/16/2002 has been entered.

Claims 1-39 are presented for examination.

## Specification

The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it contains the use of legal phraseology term "means" in lines 3 and 9. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 37 recites the limitation "second identification of a coupon" in line 4. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim since the phrase "first identification of a coupon" is not found in the body of the claim.

Similarly,

Claim 38 lacks a proper antecedent base for the phrase "second UPC code of a coupon" as recited in line 4.

Claim 39 lacks a proper antecedent base for the phrase "second identification for a coupon for credit" as recited in line 5.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Humble et al. (herein Humble – 4,676,343; cited by applicant) in view of Persky et al. (herein Persky – 6,497,362) and Walter et al. (herein Walter – 5,992,570).

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Regarding claim 1, Humble discloses a self-service distribution system comprising counters provided with transport belts or conveyors controlled by a central processor, weigh scales, optical devices, display screens (26) for prompting the customers with questions and instructions, and cash register for accepting and dispending cash(46). In a preferred embodiment, Humble discloses a system for processing an article selected for purchase comprising (a) conveyor means for receipt and transport of such article; (b) means providing a security zone extending along at least a portion of said conveyor means; (c) sensing means at an inlet to said security zone, said sensing means comprising a first article characteristic sensing means and a second article prescence sensing means, said first sensing means being positioned upstream of said second article sensing means with respect to the conveyor means, said sensing means generating output signals, each indicative of an entry through said inlet into said security zone; and (d) control means for selective movement of said conveyor means in article acceptance and article rejection senses, said control means being operable for continuance of movement of said conveyor means in article acceptance sense upon occurrence of a first sensing means output signal and for moving said conveyor means in article rejection sense in response to occurrence of another of said first sensing means output signals.

Thought Humble discloses the use of a cash register, he fail to specifically discloses a terminal comprising various payment accepting methods, a cash dispensing means, a UPC type scanner, a RAM, a CRT or LCD display, etc.

However, the claimed limitations are not new. Existing self-checkout systems include

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the use of these limitations. In light of the teachings of the prior art of record, it would have been obvious to modify Humble's teachings to include the use of various payment accepting methods, a cash dispensing means, a UPC type scanner, a RAM, a CRT or LCD display, etc. The modifications are well within the skill levels and expectations of an ordinary skilled artisan. Reference to Persky and Walter are provided as evidence showing the conventionality of the payment accepting methods and cash dispensing unit in a self-checkout system.

Specifically, Persky discloses a method and apparatus for wireless assistance for self-service checkout. According to Persky, the system includes printing modules, magnetic swipe reading devices, <u>cash</u> acceptance devices (bill readers and coin acceptors), and <u>cash</u> dispensing devices. In figure 1, Persky shows a <u>self-checkout</u> lane 2 for the wireless assisted <u>self-checkout</u> system. According to Persky, each lane includes a counter 4, a universal product code reader 6, a display screen 8 for interactive customer communication, payment mechanism 9, including credit card reader 10, <u>cash</u> acceptor 12 and <u>cash</u> dispenser 14 mechanisms, an entry conveyor 16, an out-feed conveyor 18, a bagging area 20, a tunnel 22, and a receipt unit. The system further comprises an input means including a touch sensitive screen, a keyboard, a number pad, a <u>UPC</u> scanner and the RF transceiver; a random access <u>memory</u> (RAM); and a read-only <u>memory</u> (ROM).

Walter, in additional, discloses a self-service checkout apparatus comprising comprising a payment acceptor which includes a card reader for enabling a customer to make payment by means of a debit card or credit card. The system further

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comprises a signature pad for providing a digitized representation of a customer's signature, said digitized representation being stored by said electronic controller in a memory.

Regarding claims 2-19, see the discussions regarding claim 1.

## Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 20-36 are allowed.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The prior art fails to disclose the claimed security tag deactivation apparatus for a self-checkout system comprising:

a first zone;

a second zone;

and having the functions and characteristics as recited in claim 20.

The prior art also fails to disclose the limitations of claims 29, and 34-36.

Claims 37-39 would be allowable if rewritten or amended to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, set forth in this Office action.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thien M. Le whose telephone number is (703) 305-

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3500. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 7:30am - 4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael G. Lee can be reached on (703) 305-3503. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-5841 for regular communications and (703) 308-7722 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Le, Thien Minh Primary Examiner Art Unit 2876 March 28, 2003